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Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

### Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, May 2019

## First Degree Programme under CBCSS

#### **Complementary Course**

#### CO1231/CC1231/CX1231 : BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

# (Common for CO 1231/CC 1231/CX 1231)

(2018 Admn)

#### Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

All the first 10 questions are compulsory. Each question carries 1 mark.

- Find the sum of  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{6}{15} + \frac{3}{5}$ . 1.
- Evaluate  $\frac{3}{5} \times \left(\frac{-4-1}{6}\right) + \frac{5}{2}$ 2.
- Find the value of  $14P_4$ . 3.
- Define a symmetric matrix. 4.

Evaluate the determinant of the square matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . 5.

- Write the power set of the set  $A = \{3, 4\}$ . 6:
- Solve the equation 14y 18 = 13. 7.

P.T.O.

- 8. What is annuity?
- 9. Solve the quadratic equation  $x^2 5x + 6 = 0$ .
- 10. Find the derivative of  $y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x} + 7$ . (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

Answer any **eight** questions from among the questions 11 to 22. They carry 2 marks each.

- 11. Prove that  $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$  where  $A = \{1, 3, 4, 7\}$   $B = \{2, 3, 4, 8\}$ and  $C = \{1, 3, 4, 9\}$ .
- 12. If  $nC_2 = 10$ . Find *n*.
- 13. Sum of two numbers is 95. If one exceeds the other by 15. Find the numbers.

14. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 8 \\ 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $2A + 3B$ .  
15. Evaluate  $\begin{vmatrix} x & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & x & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & x \end{vmatrix}$ 

- 16. Find the product  $(p^2 q^2)(2p + q)$ .
- 17. If  $y = 2x + \frac{4}{x}$ , prove that  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} y = 0$ .
- 18. Eliminate arbitrary constants *a* and *b* from  $z = (x a)^2 + (y b)^2$  to form the partial differential equation.

19. 
$$\int \frac{x+a}{x-a} dx$$

20. If simple interest on a certain sum is Rs. 360 for 2 years at 6% per annum. Find the sum.

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- 21. After allowing a discount of  $7\frac{1}{2}$ % on the marked price of an article, an article is sold for Rs. 555. Find its marked price.
- 22. A man wishes to pay back his debt of Rs. 5,044 due after 6 years by 6 equal yearly instalment. Find the amount of each instalment, money being worth 10% per annum compound interest.  $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any six questions from among the questions 23 to 31. They carry 4 marks each.

23. The base of an isosceles triangle is  $\frac{4}{3}$  cm. The perimeter of the triangle is

 $4\frac{2}{15}$  cm. What is the length of either of the remaining equal sides?

24. The table below gives the ages of drivers of cars involved in total accidents during a certain year. Draw a pie-diagram to represent the data :

Ages of drivers	Under 20	20-40	40-60	Over 60	Total
Percent of totals	15	60	20	5	100

25. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 calculate  $A^2 - 5A + 9I$ .

Where 
$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 26. Find the inverse of  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
- 27. At what rate percent compound interest per annum with Rs. 640 amount to 774.40 in 2 years.

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28. Distinguish between Straight Line Method and diminishing balance method.

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29. Find a partial differential equation by eliminating *a*,*b*,*c* from  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$ .

30. If 
$$y = ae^{mx} + be^{-mx}$$
 prove that  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - m^2y = 0$ .

31. The total cost function (in rupees) if x units of a product is  $c(x) = x^2 + 78x + 2500$  and the demand function is p = 600 - 8x, when the price is Rs. 1 per unit. Show that the maximum net revenue (ie, profit) is obtained when 29 units are produced. Also find the price at which profit is maximums.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

Answer any two questions from among the questions 32 to 35. They carry 15 marks.

32. Using Cramer's rule, solve

x + y + z = 6, 2x + 3y - z = 5, 6x - 2y - 3z = -7.

- 33. Explain the need for providing depreciation what are the methods of recording depreciator.
- 34 (a) Explain bar diagrams
  - (b) Draw a simple bar diagram to represent the following figures relating to manufacturing of machines.

Years	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
No. of machines	1200	1700	1900	2800	2100

- (c) What are the advantages of diagram and graphs?
- 35. (a) Explain different types of sets and set operations with examples.
  - (b) What are the rules of differentiation? Explain it with examples.

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 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

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