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# First Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, September 2022

# Physics with Specialization in Nano Science/Physics with Specialization in Space Physics

#### PH NS 513 / PH SP 513 - BASIC ELECTRONICS

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

#### PART - A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 1. What is the miller effect in circuits?
- 2. Discuss any two principal functions are performed by a shift register.
- 3. How high quantum efficiency is achieved in LED structures?
- 4. Briefly discuss the significance of parity in digital systems.
- 5. What are tunnel diodes? What is the use of tunnel diodes in digital circuits?
- 6. Explain how a BCD decade counter can be used as a divide by -10 device.
- 7. What is the difference between a basic comparator and the Schmitt trigger?
- 8. Why are strain gauges used in bridge arrangement?

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$ 

## PART - B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 9. (a) Discuss the pin configuration of IC 555
  - (b) Describe the monostable operation of IC 555 with output wave forms.

OR

- 10. (a) Describe the working of a voltage-controlled oscillator.
  - (b) Explain how triangular wave generator can be converted to sawtooth generator.
- 11. (a) Explain the working of a four input multiplexer with the help of necessary diagrams.
  - (b) Discuss the working of a BCD to decimal decoder.

OR

- 12. (a) Briefly explain the working of a J-K flip flop? How does master-slave flip flop overcome a race around a problem?
  - (b) How J-K flip flops can be converted to T and D type flip flops?
- 13. (a) With necessary diagrams explain the working of a CRO.
  - (b) How is the vertical axis of an oscilloscope deflected? How does it differ from the horizontal axis?

OR

- 14. (a) What are laser diodes? Describe the principle of operation of a laser diode.
  - (b) Discuss the laser diode modes and threshold conditions.

 $(3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ Marks})$ 

### PART - C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 15. In a Schmitt trigger circuit,  $R_1 = 150 \,\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 68 \,\Omega$ ,  $Vin = 500 \,mV$  pp sine wave and the saturation voltages =  $\pm 14 \,\text{V}$ . Determine the threshold voltages  $V_{ut}$  and  $V_{tt}$ . Also find the value of hysteresis voltage  $V_{hv}$ .
- 16. In a triangular wave generator  $V_{sat} = \pm 14 V$ ,  $R_2 = 1.2 k\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 6.8 k\Omega$ ,  $R_1 = 120 k\Omega$  and  $C_1 = 0.01 \mu F$ . Determine the peak-to-peak output amplitude and frequency of the triangular wave.
- 17. Multiply the signed binary numbers using repeated addition

Multiplicand: 011110110 multiplier: 100000100

- 18. A step index fiber has a core diameter of 100  $\mu m$  and a refractive index of 1.480. The cladding has a refractive index of 1.460. Calculate the numerical aperture of the fiber, acceptance angle from air and the number of modes sustained when the source wavelength is 850 nm.
- 19. Show how two 7482 adders can be connected to form a four-bit adder.
- 20. A platinum resistance thermometer has a resistance of  $100\Omega$  at  $25^{\circ}$ C. Find its resistance at  $50^{\circ}$ C. The resistance temperature coefficient of platinum is  $0.00392\Omega/\Omega^{\circ}$ C. If the thermometer has a resistance of  $200\Omega$  calculate the value of temperature.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$ 

