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Fourth Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, August 2022 Physics with Specialization in Space Physics Special Paper

PHSP 543: INTRODUCTION TO ASTROPHYSICS (2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

$$[G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nkg}^{-2}\text{m}^2, M_H = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}; 1P_C = 3 \times 10^{16}\text{m}; 1Yr = 3.10^7 \text{ s}]$$

- 1. (a) What is the ecliptic?
 - (b) Define parsec.
 - (c) State Wien's law.
- 2. Argue one advantage of a space-based telescope over a ground-based one.
- 3. What is the basis of Stellar classification? What are the different stellar spectral classes?
- 4. What is the concept of the Stromgren sphere?
- 5. Explain the chandrasekhar limit.

- 6. Give any three features which distinguish Population I stars and Population II stars.
- 7. Briefly describe the three main morphological classes of galaxies.
- 8. How did the idea of dark energy came about?

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

PART - B

Answer three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 9. (a) Explain the universal coordinate system and also how the right ascension and declination of a celestial object may be determined.
 - (b) Explain how trigonometric parallax method is employed to determine the distances to stars.

OR

- 10. (a) Explain how absorption and emission spectra arise.
 - (b) How does one understand stellar spectra in the light of the Boltzmann equation and the Saha ionization equation?
- 11. (a) State the characteristics features of black body radiation. Use the black body approximation to obtain a relation between stellar luminosity and surface temperature.
 - (b) State the virial theorem. Use it to obtain Jean's criterion for gravitational collapse.

OR

- 12. (a) What is the energy production mechanism operating in stars? Obtain an expression for the nuclear time scale.
 - (b) Draw the HR diagram schematically. What is the understanding about the main sequence?

- (a) Detail the observations that suggest the existence of dark matter halos for spiral galaxies.
 - (b) Detail the arguments that lead to the notion of dark matter in cluster of galaxies.

OR

- 14. (a) Starting from the equations based on Newtonian Casmology show the possibility for open/closed/flat models for the Universe.
 - (b) What are the observed characteristics of the cosmic microwave background radiation? What is its origin?

 $(3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ Marks})$

PART - C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 15. A star of absolute magnitude 5 appears to be of magnitude 10. How distant is the star?
- 16. A star which has the same surface temperature as the sun is twice as luminous. How much is its radius in solar units?
- 17. Determine the time scale for star formation in a gas cloud of number density 10⁴ H molecules per cc size 0.1 pc and temperature 10² kelvin.
- 18. Consider two stars just before collapsing within their respective event horizons. Mass of star 1 is twice that of star Z. Compare their mean densities at this stage.
- 19. A spiral galaxy shows a flat notation curve beyond a radius of 10 kpc with rotation speed 300 km/s in the flat portion. Estimate the mass present within 10 kpc radius. $M_0 = 2 \times 10^{30}$ kg.
- 20. A galaxy has a recursion velocity of 10000 km/s. How much would be the separation in wavelength of the sodium D1 and D2 lines (5890 and 5896 Angstroms) in its spectrum? $H = 70 \text{ kms}^{-1}/\text{Mpc}$.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$