

Reg No.:

Name :



U8347



University of Kerala

First Semester Degree Examination, November 2024

Four Year Undergraduate Programme

Discipline Specific Course

Mathematics

UK1DSCMAT100, Foundations of Mathematics

Academic Level: 100-199

Time: 2 hours

Max. Marks: 56

Part A. 6 Marks. Time: 5 Minutes

Objective Type. 1 Mark Each. Answer all Questions
(Cognitive Level: Remember/Understand)

Qn. No.	Question	Cognitive Level	Course (CO)	Outcome
1.	State Well ordering Principle	Remember	CO3	
2.	Define prime number	Remember	CO3	
3.	Is 7 and 35 are relatively prime?	Understand	CO3	
4.	Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.	Understand	CO3	
5.	List the elements of the set $A = \{x \in \mathbb{N} x \text{ is even, } x < 11\}$	Remember	CO2	
6.	Under what condition a relation R on a set A is anti-symmetric?	Remember	CO1	

Part B. 10 Marks. Time:20 Minutes
Two-Three sentences. 2 Marks Each. Answer all Questions
(Cognitive Level: Remember/Understand/Apply)

Qn. No.	Question	Cognitive Level	Course (CO)	Outcome
7.	Define the binary operators div and mod.	Remember	CO3	
8.	State the Inclusion-Exclusion Principle	Remember	CO3	
9.	Define LCM and GCD of two positive integers	Remember	CO3	
10.	Give an example of a relation on $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ such that R is neither symmetric nor antisymmetric.	Understand	CO1	
11.	Find $g \circ f$ if $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = 2x + 1$, $g(x) = x - 2$.	Apply	CO1	

Part C. 16 Marks. Time:35 Minutes
Short-Answer. 4 Marks Each. Answer all Questions, choosing among options within each question.
(Cognitive Level: Understand/Analyse/Apply)

Qn. No.	Question	Cognitive Level	Course (CO)	Outcome
12.	A. If $a b$ and $c d$, show that $a c$. OR B. Prove that there are infinitely many primes of the form $4n+3$.	Understand Apply	CO3	
13.	A. Solve the system of equations using determinants $\begin{aligned} 5x + 2y + 16 &= 0 \\ x + 3y - 7 &= 0 \end{aligned}$ OR B. If $3 \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & 5 \\ -1 & 2w \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6 & x+y \\ z+w & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$ Find x, y, z, and w.	Apply Apply	CO2 CO2	
14.	A. Let b be an integer greater than or equal to 2. Suppose $b + 1$ integers are randomly selected. Prove that the difference of two of them is divisible by b . OR B. Find the remainder when 3^{181} is divided by 17.	Analyse Analyze	CO3 CO3	
15.	A. If $U = \mathbb{N}$. $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $B = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$. Find $(A \setminus B) \cup (B \setminus A)$ and $A^c \cap B^c$. OR B. Determine whether $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = 2x - 3$ is bijective and find f^{-1} if exists.	Apply	CO3	

Part D. 24 Marks. Time:60 Minutes

Long-Answer. 6 Marks Each. Answer all 4 Questions, choosing among options within each question.
(Cognitive Level: Understand/Analyse/ Apply)

Qn. No.	Question	Cognitive Level	Course (CO)	Outcome
16.	A) Find the values of a and b for which the equation $x+ay+z = 3$, $x+2y+2z = b$, $x+5y+3z = 9$ are consistent. When will these equations have a unique solution. OR B) Solve the equations $x_1 - x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 2$, $x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = -4$, $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 4$, $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0$ by finding the inverse by elementary row operations.	Understand	CO1, CO2	
17.	A) Suppose $R = \{(1,1), (1,5), (2,2), (2,3), (2,6), (3,2), (3,3), (3,6), (4,4), (5,1), (5,5), (6,2), (6,3), (6,6)\}$ is a relation on $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$. Show that R is an equivalence relation. Also find the equivalent classes in R. OR B) Let $A = \{a, b, c\}$, $B = \{x, y, z\}$, $C = \{r, s, t\}$. Let $f : A \rightarrow B$ and $g : B \rightarrow C$ be defined by: $f = \{(a, y), (b, x), (c, y)\}$ and $g = \{(x, s), (y, t), (z, r)\}$. Find: (a) composition function $g \circ f : A \rightarrow C$; (b) $\text{Im}(f)$, $\text{Im}(g)$, $\text{Im}(g \circ f)$.	Understand	CO1, CO4	
18.	A) Show that $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$ if and only if a and b leave the same remainder when divided by m. OR B) A six digit number is cut up in the middle into 2 three digit numbers. If the square of their sum yields the original number, find the number	Analyse	CO3.	
19.	A) Find the last nonzero digit (from the left) in the decimal value of $234!$. OR B) Find the remainder when $(n^2 + 3n + 41)^2$ is divided by 12	Apply	CO3	