

Reg. No.: ..... Name:....



# **University of Kerala**

First Semester Degree Examination, November 2024

Four Year Under Graduate Programme

# Discipline Specific Core Course

# PHYSICS

# UK1DSCPHY100- Foundation Course in Physics I

Academic Level: 100-199

Time: 1½ hours

Max.Marks: 42

Part A.	
Answer All Questions, Objective Type. 1 Mark Each.	
(Cognitive Level: Remember/Understand) 6 Marks. Time: 6 Minutes	

Qn.No.	Question	Cognitive Level	Course Outcome (CO)
1.	State Gauss' divergence theorem.	Remember	1
2.	State SI unit of power.	Remember	2
3.	Explain how gravity affects the weight of an object, but not the mass.	Understand	2
4.	Explain why the kinetic energy will always be positive or zero	Understand	3
5.	Discuss the method to calculate work from a force vs. distance graph.	Understand	3
6.	Discuss the equation for total kinetic energy in rolling motion.	Understand	4

#### Part B. Answer All Questions, Short Answer. 2 Marks Each. (Cognitive Level: Understand/Apply) 8 Marks. Time: 24 Minutes

Qn.No.	Question	Cognitive Level	Course Outcome (CO)
7.	Describe how acceleration due to gravity varies with location.	Understand	2
8.	Sketch the divergence of flux lines on electric charge (both positive and negative).	Apply	1
9.	Estimate the work done in a closed loop by a conservative force.	Apply	3
10.	Write a note on elastic potential energy	Understand	4

### Part C. Answer all 4 questions, choosing among options within each question. Long Answer. 7 Marks Each. (Cognitive Level: Apply) 28 Marks. Time: 60 Minutes

Qn.No.	Question	Cognitive Level	Course Outcome (CO)
11.	<ul> <li>A. A spacecraft of mass 1000 kg is traveling in space and fires its thrusters to exert a constant force of 4000 N for 5 seconds. <ol> <li>Calculate the acceleration of the spacecraft.</li> <li>Determine the change in velocity of the spacecraft after 5 seconds.</li> <li>Find the total distance traveled by the spacecraft during this time.</li> </ol> </li> <li>B. A 10 kg object is subjected to a force of 40 N at an angle of 30° above the horizontal. The object moves horizontally on a frictionless surface. <ol> <li>Calculate the horizontal component of the force.</li> <li>Determine the vertical component of the force.</li> <li>Find the acceleration of the object in the horizontal direction.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Apply	5
12.	<ul> <li>A. Derive the impulse-momentum theorem using the statement of Newton's second law and explain how it relates to the change in momentum of an object.</li> <li><b>OR</b></li> <li>B. A baseball of mass 0.15 kg is thrown with a velocity of 40 m/s. The bat strikes the ball and reverses its direction, sending it back with a velocity of 30 m/s. The time of contact between the bat and the ball is 0.02 seconds. <ul> <li>i) Calculate the change in momentum of the baseball.</li> <li>ii) Determine the impulse delivered by the bat to the ball.</li> <li>iii) Calculate the average force exerted by the bat on the baseball.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Apply	2
13.	<ul> <li>A. Describe how work and energy are calculated for an object moving along a curved path under the influence of a variable force.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>B. i) Discuss elastic potential energy and calculate the expression for total elastic potential energy stored in a spring when it gets compressed.</li> <li>ii) A person weighing 600 N steps on a bathroom scale that contains a stiff spring. In equilibrium, the spring is compressed 1.0 cm under her weight. Find the force constant of the spring and total elastic potential energy, stored in it.</li> </ul>	Apply	3
14.	<ul> <li>A. State and explain parallel axes theorem. Apply this theorem to determine the moment of inertia of a thin wire with respect to an axis passing through its edge and parallel to its principal axis.</li> <li><b>OR</b></li> <li>B. A uniform rod of mass 4 kg and length 1.5 meters is pivoted at a point 0.3 meters from one of its ends. The axis of rotation is perpendicular to the rod. <ul> <li>i) Calculate the moment of inertia of the rod about this axis using the parallel axis theorem.</li> <li>ii) If the rod is rotating with an angular speed of 6 rad/s, determine its rotational kinetic energy.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Apply	4